

PERSONAL.

To make our personal column as near complete as possible each week, we solicit all items of a personal nature...

Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Smith returned from Loon Lake last Monday, where they have spent most of this winter.

Ned McGarry returned from Detroit last Monday and we are pleased to note that he is doing very nicely with his new feet.

Mrs. James Larkin is quite ill. Mrs. A. J. Burnstein has returned from her visit at Toronto.

John Huston and D. E. Dixon are in Detroit to attend the suit in the U. S. court against this township for interest on Plank Road bonds which is called for to-morrow.

R. Webb has moved from Tawas City to his farm in Alabaster.

CORRESPONDENCE.

ALABASTER CHIPS.

BIRTHS—On Friday, 29th ultimo, the wife of Mr. James McKiddie, of a son.

Miss Carney, of Bay City, is visiting Mr. Woodruff in this village.

On Saturday last Mr. Wm. Mills was in the village on business.

John McCue is improving from his late affliction; having caught a severe cold which settled in his face, causing an enlargement thereof. Dr. Gates, attending, found it necessary to make an incision in order to relieve the patient, who is now recovering.

E. F. Smith is absent on business.

S. C. Williams, foreman for B. F. Smith in the stove mill, is preparing his pile driver for operation around a small dock which contains the siphon for supplying water for the engine.

A birth-day party at C. R. Smith's on Monday evening last. All that were present express themselves highly gratified with the evening's amusement and the hospitable manner with which she guests were received. Cards issued.

Fruit Soiree, on Friday evening, in School house, District No. 2, near Pollock Station, in behalf of the church, Rev. Bancroft, pastor. All are cordially invited to attend.

Equalization of Bounties.

The woful ignorance exhibited in newspaper articles relative to sundry bills for equalizing bounties to soldiers of the war 1861-65, brings up the question—How much pay did they receive?

Very few tax payers under 35 years of age can even approximate the amount, and are surprised it should be asked. They have an idea that the war cost billions of dollars, but not one in five hundred can approximate the amount paid in wages and bounties to the men.

The sum total estimated as necessary to equalize bounties paid by the United States (not States) is displayed prominently in most of our journals, and sneers are plenty and cheap. Let us make a little calculation. The gist of the several bills on this subject in the past ten years has been to allow the sum of \$8.35 per month, deducting therefrom the amounts already paid. I estimate this as too little by about 50 per cent, but we will figure from \$8.35 as our basis. While the soldier of 1861 got more than he was promised—many having enlisted before provision was made for payment of a volunteer army,—let us see what he did get.

At \$13 and \$16 per month, averaged \$14.50 the wages for the three years was about \$520, total; add \$100 bounty paid at close of war and \$100 since, making his total receipts for services \$720, about fair compensation for one year's work at peace. able employment. Does any one suppose that for this paltry sum any one would face death and the loss of all that is dear on earth?

The bills before congress that are troubling the gizzards of so many who owe their own prosperity to the soldier, when stripped of all verbiage would read thus: Pay the soldier who volunteered in 1861 and served 3 years, the sum of \$275 per year including all wages and bounties, and deduct therefrom all cash heretofore paid him, or the sum of \$240 per year. Are none of our countrymen ashamed of this? \$240 per year and a few suits of shoddy clothing!! Facts are stubborn things. Do you suppose the soldier who got this sum feels like a robber or thief? No, sir. He has earned the right to a front seat.

For Sale.

One Shingle Mill, known as the McIvor Shingle Mill situated in the township of Sherman, on the D. B. C. & A. R. R., for particulars inquire of HAMILTON & BRYANT.

Lemons 40 cents per dozen, at

County Officers.

Sheriff - Clark Edmond, Tawas City; Clerk - E. E. Williams, Tawas City; Treasurer - W. V. Penoyer, Oscoda; Register - S. G. Taylor, Tawas City; Prosecuting Attorney - C. R. Henry, Ausable; Ct. Court Commissioner - S. G. Taylor, Tawas City; Probate Judge - J. O. Whittemore, Tawas City; Surveyor - D. E. Guiley, Tawas City; Coroners - Robert McCormick, Ausable; A. G. Van Wey, Tawas City.

SOCIETIES.

IOSCO LODGE NO. 241, I. O. O. F.—Regular meetings held every Wednesday evening at their hall. LYMAN B. SMITH, N. G. HOMER PRATT, Sec'y

TAWAS CITY LODGE, NO. 302, F. & A. M.—Regular communication held at Masonic Hall, on Thursday evening or preceding the full of the moon in each month. CORNELIUS NORTH, W. M. LYMAN B. SMITH, Sec'y.

PROFESSIONALS.

SIBLEY G. TAYLOR,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

General Real Estate and Abstract office. The only complete abstract of Iosco county. TAWAS CITY, MICH.

E. E. WILLIAMS,

ATTORNEY & SOLICITOR.

Agent for Phenix, Sun Fire, and F Remans Fund Insurance Cos. TAWAS CITY, MICH.

ROBERT WHITE,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

PAST TAWAS MICH.

J. F. HOVIS, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office at Goodale's drug store, East Tawas, Mich. Professional calls promptly attended to either day or night.

G. S. DARLING, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office at Drug store, on Lake street. Calls promptly attended to.

W. L. STILWELL,

VETERINARY SURGEON.

Treats all diseases of domestic animals. Horse Dentistry a specialty. Colic Mixtures, Condition Powders and Liniment always on hand. Office and residence, Church street, East Tawas, Michigan.

LUMBER INSPECTING ETC.

E. B. SPILMAN,

EXCHANGE AND REAL ESTATE OFFICE.

Village property and farming lands bought and sold on commission. Will promptly attend to all orders for inspecting lumber, scaling logs, buying and selling lumber, Posts, Shingles, Pine Laths, etc. Office, opposite Darling's drug store, Tawas City, Mich.

ROBERT H. MARTIN,

NOTARY PUBLIC

for Iosco County, and DEALER IN REAL ESTATE. Village property and farming lands for sale. Will promptly attend to all orders for estimating Pine Lands and trespass of same. Office and residence, Whittemore, Mich.

S. C. BRYANT,

LUMBER,

TAWAS CITY, MICHIGAN. Particular attention given to inspecting and shipping lumber from all points on the west shore of Lake Sturgeon for all markets. Correspondence solicited.

HOTELS.

SAND LAKE HOUSE.

GEORGE A. WEBSTER, PROP.,

This house is situated 9 miles west of Tawas City, in the township of Grant, offers excellent accommodations to guests and lumbermen. Good stabling in connection.

STRONG HOUSE

R. OSBORN, Prop.

Ample accommodation for the traveling public. Good stable in connection. EAST TAWAS, MICH.

VAN WEY.

A Request to All

Please notice first class

Photographs, Ferotypes, Artotypes, Cameo.

Oil Paintings, Enlarging of all kinds, and in fact everything in the line of Photography, done at the

TAWAS CITY ART GALLERY,

Also all kinds of stamping and designing for fancy needle work and hand painting in oil colors for childrens clothing, ladies dresses, lambracquas.

For windows, shelves, brackets, etc., stamping done and work completed in every detail if so wished.

ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

JOHN HUSTON,

DEALER IN

Groceries, BOOTS & SHOES,

FLOUR & FEED,

WHICH HE OFFERS TO SELL AT

RETAIL OR WHOLESALE

AT THE LOWEST

BOTTOM PRICES,

For Cash.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Having opened a Boot and Shoe Shop first door East of the barber shop, I wish to announce my readiness to do all kinds of work in my line promptly, and in a workmanlike manner, and respectfully solicit a share of your patronage.

R. H. BURGESS.

WM. B. WHITE

Has fitted up a neat and tasty

RESTAURANT

In the building next to the Bay Side house where he will be pleased to serve

OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE

pickled pigs feet and tongue, and every thing usually kept in a first-class restaurant. A choice stock of Confectionery, Canned Goods, Tobaccos, Cigars, etc. Give him a call.

1-3m.

Tawas City Markets.

The following are the prices paid for grain and produce in this market. Corrected weekly by Hamilton & Bryant.

Tawas City, March 6, 1884

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Flour, Wheat, Oats, Corn, Peas, Potatoes, Butter, Eggs, Salt Pork, Hay, Feed, Wool, Clover seed.

Bay City Market.

March 5th, 1884.

WHOLESALE QUOTATIONS.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Wheat, Flour, Cream of Michigan, Holly mills, Mayflower mills, roller process, Morning Star, White Star, Water Rye, Stiff & Stiff, Bran, Baled Hay, Bams, Butter, Potatoes, Provisions, Cheese, Dried Apples, Eggs, Feed, Fresh Meats, Middlings, Oats, Sugar, Kerosene, Hides, Salt, Shingles, Brick, Lime.

Lost.

A contract note given by Charles Harris to R. D. Bullock, dated June 8th, 1882, due June 8th, 1883; amount \$40.00. All persons are cautioned not to negotiate this note as payment is stopped.

9-21.

R. D. BULLOCK.

DIED.

MACKIN—At her residence in East Tawas, Monday, March 3d, Mrs. James F. Mackin, aged 38 years. Mrs. Mackin has been ill for several years with consumption. While her death was not entirely unexpected it was hoped that she might be spared for some time yet. The funeral services take place from the Catholic church in that place this morning.

MARRIED.

KOSBACH—LANSKY—On March 4th at the German Lutheran church, by the Rev. Asal, Mr. John Kosbach and Miss Julia Lansky as the contracting parties, attended by the Messrs Borowsky and Messrs. Albert Timrack and Julius Buchholtz.

After the ceremonies at the church the bridal party returned to the residence of the bride's parents on 9th Avenue, where was held the usual festivities attending such occasions; many of their German and American friends participating. Good cheer, music and dancing were the order of the evening, and pleasure and jollity reigned until the wee sma' hours. The bride received a number of beautiful and costly presents.

MCDONALD—POLLOCK—On Feb. 28th, by Rev. E. B. Bancroft, at the residence of the bride on 8th Avenue, Mr. EDWARD McDONALD and Mrs. BELL POLLOCK, all of this place.

Tawas City and Vicinity.

Notice Hamilton & Bryant's change of "ad." Call your caucuses early and nominate good men.

The Supervisors meet in special session next Tuesday.

A well authenticated case of trichina is reported at Marlette.

If the ancient saying is correct, March will go out like a lamb.

The McBean mill has shut down on account of the cold weather.

Tawas City now indulges in the luxury of oysters on the half shell.

A number of weddings in prospect among our thrifty Germans.

The Nonpareil theater at Bay City, was opened to the public last Monday night.

Rev. B. H. Thomas and his child were both quite ill during the early part of the week.

S. Vaughn will give a social party with supper at the Block house, on the evening of the 17th inst.

Some of our young men are becoming excellent checker-players during the leisure hours of the winter season.

During the month of February, Richardson & Harrington bought and stored on Prescott's dock, about 7,000 cedar posts.

The Flint & Pere Marquette railroad hauled in January 24,246,182 feet of logs, the largest record yet made by the road.

McLughlin won the first and third bouts in his second match with Defur at the Detroit opera house last Monday night.

The past week has been the coldest "snap" of the season. The thermometer stood 28° below zero last Sunday morning.

W. W. Richardson, of Bay City, has some 12,000 cedar posts on the wharf at this place for shipment to Cleveland in the spring.

Prescott & Story have commenced some repairs in their mill preparatory to an early start in the spring. Near five million feet of logs now in their boom.

Thos Curry has decorated himself with several yards of court plaster, tastefully arranged on his phiz to cover up various bruises and contusions caused by a load of wood falling on him yesterday afternoon.

The Baptist church, at communion service, Sunday evening last, extended the hand of fellowship to three (3), and two (2) others await baptism. The Baptist congregation is about equally divided between the two towns.

Winter has gone! Wouldn't you know it even without an almanac, this is such a mild day?—Au Sable Saturday Night. An almanac would inform our friend of the S. N., that winter does not close until the 19th of March.

Superintendent of Construction Gorham, of the D. B. C. & A. R. R., has been at the National during the week. As soon as the weather moderates enough to permit a comfortable ride by stage, Mr. Gorham is going up to Alpena for the purpose of inquiring into the willingness or unwillingness of the people there to aid in the construction of the railroad to their place the coming summer.—Saturday Night.

Bay City Tribune: A. G. VanWey, the proprietor of the Bay Side house, has recently made important improvements to the building in extensively re-papering, decorating and re-furnishing with handsome marble top furniture. "Van" is one of the most genial, jolly hosts in the

Mr. John Quick is erecting a new dwelling house on the corner of 7th avenue and First street.

The estimated log product of the Au Sable river for the present season is 145,850,000 feet, new crop; with 95,000,000 feet of old stock. It is believed that at least 50,000,000 feet of this will be carried over into 1885.

James Atherton, the alleged defaulting treasurer of Oscoda county, whose trial commenced in the Crawford circuit court on the 26th ult., has been acquitted by the jury. Atherton was first tried in Oscoda county, when the jury failed to agree.

MRS. MARY M. MILLER, has received a license at New Orleans, as captain of the steamboat Saline. This is the first license ever issued to a woman as captain of a boat, and possibly marks a new era in womans sphere. Mrs. Miller took the regular oath demanded of steamboat captains and subscribed the article "Mary M. Miller."

The new time table of the D. B. C. & A. R. R., went into effect, yesterday. The Mail and Express going west now leaves this place at 12:50; fifty minutes later than heretofore, and arrives from the west at 5:46, fourteen minutes earlier. The Au Sable accommodation now leaves at 10 a. m., twenty-five minutes later than old time. The Tawas City accommodation arrives from Au Sable at 8:00 p. m.; ten minutes earlier than old time.

The Methodist society of Alabaster and Tawas town line, will give a fruit festival at the school house in school section No. 2, in Alabaster, to-morrow evening. The Tawas City Methodist church choir will furnish music for the occasion. Everything possible is being done by the committee in charge to make it a pleasant entertainment. Admission 25 cents, children 10 cents. Doors open at 7 o'clock. W. M. FREEL, Chairman.

The many friends of Robert J. Smith, so well known in this locality and for some time connected with the Drug store of Dr. Goodale, of East Tawas, will be pleased to learn that he has passed his final examination, and been awarded the highest prize of the College, a Gold Medal, in a class of 137 competitors, in the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Baltimore. This entitles Dr. Smith to certain lucrative positions in public institutions in that city. What his intentions are we have not yet been informed, but his many friends wish him a hearty success.

The social evening of the season for Au Sable and Oscoda occurred on Friday evening, Feb. 29. It being the reception of Mr. C. V. Hicks and bride, which was tendered them by Mr. Hicks' friends in parlors of the National Hotel. About seventy invitations were sent out to the society people of the two towns. The guests began arriving about 8:30 o'clock, and continued to arrive until 10, at which time about fifty had assembled. Refreshments were served at 11 in the dining hall of the house. This part of the affair, as well as the rest, was perfect in every detail. After refreshments, dancing was indulged in for two hours or more, and at 2 a. m., the company dispersed, all feeling that this reception was the to-be-remembered social event of the winter.

A correspondent writing to the Arena Independent from Au Gres, says: "Quite an excitement was caused here last fall by a certain blacksmith hiding away log sleighs which did not belong to him, causing his arrest and imprisonment for about three weeks until Messrs. Wheeler & Reed went his bail, for the jail limits, but said blacksmith it seems had no more sympathy for his bail than for the plaintiff, and no respect for his family which the county had been supporting while he languished in jail, and while his wife was confined, he went to Tawas City on a drunk, leaving his bail liable for his escape. The sheriff having proof of said escape brought action against the sureties which caused them to surrender their principal and, also had the sleighs returned, paying cash for the balance thus getting their bond released. This is the way some do business in this county."

The scholars of our schools, kindly assisted by patrons and friends, are very busy in getting up an entertainment, the proceeds of which are to be expended in apparatus and conveniences for the school rooms. If the presentation of the exercises compare favorably with the efforts, that all interested, are making, we can promise you a rich treat very soon. The programme will consist of Vocal and Instrumental Music, Recitations, Character Songs, Dialogues,—a jolly farce entitled "The Kansas Immigrants," lasting 30 minutes; a Cantata entitled "The Secret," requiring about 20 minutes for its performance. We hope to furnish you two hours of real enjoyment, which will amply pay all for their attendance. Save up your quarters and 15 cents, and place them where they will enrich the whole district. The Exhibition will surely be given on Thursday and Friday evenings, March 13th and 14th.

Frozen to Death.

Last Sunday, two men from East Tawas who were up there a short distance from that place fishing, were led by curiosity to enter an old deserted camp which stands near the road going to Au Sable. As they entered they found the body of a man lying near the door. The coroner, A. G. Van Wey, of this place, was at once notified of the discovery, and he immediately left for the place where he found the body as reported and took it in charge. It being late in the day, the inquest was postponed until Monday, when a jury was impaneled and the inquest held. There were no papers or other articles about his clothes by which his name or residence could be ascertained. The body was brought to this place for identification and burial; and here he was identified by Capt. F. Johns, of East Tawas, recently of Alpena, as Duncan McDugal, with whom he had been acquainted for some fourteen years; and was able at once to clear up the mystery.

Capt. Johns states that on the 18th of December last, the deceased came to his place, he at that time was living in the house in which McDugal's body was found, and was suffering considerably from the cold. He was taken in and remained with them for three days; he then left, stating that he was going to Alpena to his sister's, Mrs. John Bulley, that being the last time he saw him until he recognized him last Monday. The supposition is that he went to Alpena and was on his return at the time of the severe cold spell two weeks ago, and reaching this camp in nearly a perishing condition, he again sought its shelter, expecting to find Mr. Johns still there. Being so exhausted from cold and exposure he undoubtedly was unable to proceed farther and laid down to die. Several railroad hands claim that they saw smoke issuing from the shanty a week ago Saturday. If this be true it is probable that he built a fire in the stove which was in the shanty, but was so nearly gone by exposure that he was seized with cramps and died; and laid in the shanty until he was discovered last Sunday.

Mr. Johns states that he was not addicted to drink and had never known him to use any kind of intoxicants.

Upon his being identified and the whereabouts of his relatives ascertained they were informed of the affair, Mr. Bulley of Alpena, to whom word was sent, instructed the coroner to bury him at this place, which instructions were followed and yesterday, he was buried by the proper authorities.

While in Wisconsin, some fifteen years ago he had both feet badly frozen, which necessitated the amputation of the toes on both feet. This fact established his identity beyond doubt.

A Day's Sport at Whittemore.

According to announcement the target match between W. B. White, of this place and Dan Stuart, of Whittemore, for a purse of \$50.00, took place at Whittemore last Friday. Owing to the extreme cold the rabbit hunt which was to have taken place during the day was indefinitely postponed. The only representatives from Tawas City were Mr. White and ye scribe, who arrived at Whittemore at an early hour, where they found a large representation of the town of Burleigh and surrounding country, waiting for the day's sport to commence. At about 2 o'clock p. m. referees were chosen and targets placed at a distance of 20 rods. Five shots and string measure was the agreement. White was the first to shoot, making a score of 23 1/2 inches. Stuart then made a score of 34 1/2 inches. White was declared winner. Following this match was one between Ed Ervin and Owen Trumbull, which was won by the former. The next on the program was a free-for-all match, one shot each, same distance, in which there were 12 contestants and was won by Chas. Titus, of Whittemore. Several matches not down in the program were arranged between White and Stuart, all of which were won by the former. Last but not least on the program came a match for the championship of the county between C. R. Henry, of AuSable and our humble self. This was a hotly contested match, and every shot told, (but for our extreme modesty we would speak about the excellent skill) Mr. Henry wears the belt.

Large Lumber Sale.

An unusually large lumber sale was consummated in Bay City last week. Emery Bros., who own and operate a mill at East Tawas, sold, through W. W. Richardson, 5,000,000 feet, very good stock, to Monroe Bros. & Co., of Cleveland, at \$10, \$20 and \$40 per 1,000 feet. The logs were cut on the east branch of Au Gres River, and will be sawed at East Tawas in the spring. The aggregate amount of money to change hands is over \$100,000. This sale indicates that last year's price will be maintained this season. An offer of \$9, \$18 and \$38 for 2,500,000 feet of about the same stock was refused.

A 'FALLS ROUTE' AT LAST.

There never yet has been, accurately speaking, a Niagara Falls route between the East and the West. There never yet has been a route by which the man from Kalamazoo, going back to see the folks "down in Maine," could get a fair look at the Niagara Falls from his train. We select the man from Kalamazoo for an illustration, not because we have any ill-will for the Gem City of Michigan; but because that euphoniously-named cross-roads happens to be situated on the Michigan Central Railroad. The Michigan Central is not the only road that has advertised all these years—ever since the Suspension Bridge was opened—to be the great and only Niagara Falls route. The public—up around Kalamazoo and Oshkosh, and thereabouts—is a confiding public. It buys its tickets for its annual Eastern trip "by the great Niagara Falls route," and starts for the East in happy anticipation of a view of the Falls that shall equal the pictures and descriptions which adorn the schedules of "the great Niagara Falls route." But, when it gets to Niagara River and finds that the only view of the Falls it has is a most unsatisfactory glimpse from a point a mile and a half down stream, little wonder that it feels its confidence has been abused, and that it comes to a unanimous verdict that Niagara Falls ain't no great shakes anyhow.

But at last—this very day—the Michigan Central Railroad Company opens a through East and West route which is honestly a Niagara Falls route, and which gives the tourist such full and leisurely opportunities to see Niagara Falls—without once leaving his seat—that a generous public may well accept the new provisions as ample atonement for previous shortcomings. By the new route the traveler is not simply given a distant and obscure view of the Falls. He is taken down the river on the New York side. From Buffalo to Tonawanda he rides, much of the way, along the river bank, and can study the force and sweep of the great current. Then, as he rides along, he has a full view of the two great arms of the river that encompass Grand Island. Just before he reaches Niagara Falls village he can see the first break of the river into the upper rapids. He crosses the stream by the new cantilever bridge, and has a general view of the Falls which is better than that heretofore obtained from the old bridge, because it is a nearer view. Then he skirts along above the Canadian bank until "Falls View" is reached. This point of observation has heretofore been reached only by the Niagara City branch of the Canada Southern. It has not been on the East and West route at all. Now all through trains stop at "Falls View," which is really one of the finest views of the Falls anywhere to be had.

Certainly such a route may be honestly called a "Niagara Falls route," and the traveling public cannot be long in finding out the genuineness of its attractions. It only remains to add that by the new route, opened to day, no through Michigan Central trains go directly East from the Falls, but come to Buffalo, thus securing the advantage of all the city connections, and at the same time making fast schedule time on the through route.—Buffalo Express.

Our Township.

To the Editor of the Tawas Herald:—

The inhabitant and residents taxpayers of Tawas township are undoubtedly acquainted with the peculiarly odd shape of our township geographically considered—the eastern boundary, although by Uncle Sam's system of surveying, was at one time a straight line, but in the course of time, some of the settlers in that part of the town, became dissatisfied with the internal government and management of the township affairs and applied to the board of supervisors to be detached from Tawas township and attached to Baldwin township. The then existing system of thimble-rigging on the part of the leaders in the affairs of this town resulted in the loss to Tawas township of a portion of its best territory. Every event of importance happening in this world, and more especially so in these progressive United States, is honored with a monument; hence, the event of thimble-rigging in this township had to have a monument too, to commemorate that important event. That monument is the easterly boundary of Tawas township, which, from its peculiar shape may properly be called—the thimble rigging stairway—This permanent monument ought at all times to be a warning to the inhabitants of this town to be ever thinking, reflecting, and acting prudently in the affairs of the township, so that by subsequent good management and progress the stigma placed upon this town by former carelessness may be forgotten and outgrown. It is no disgrace for any township to consist of but a small territory, provided the prosperity of the town, financially and otherwise, be on the advance and progressive. To accomplish this, should be not only the most sincere wish but imperative duty of every one who owns a foot of ground in the township upon which he pays taxes the liberty to select or assist in selecting the officers which are to have the management of the

considered a sacred privilege. A mistake made at any other time is of little consequence in comparison to a mistake on town-meeting day. The past experience, at least in this township, bears witness to the truth of this assertion; and if that proof of the past is insufficient, there will be sufficient proof, one should think, to satisfy the most skeptical in the experience we have this year. I do not desire to talk to merely make a noise; nor do I seek to court the good will of a friend, or to abuse an enemy—far from it; but I wish to arouse, if possible, the attention of those who reside in this township and own property upon which they have to pay; nor do I wish a single person to take my assertion as full proof, but I advise one and all to satisfy themselves, and I venture to predict, that the tax roll with the warrant attached to it for the year 1883 as it is in the hands of the township treasurer of Tawas township, will be a bite not easily digested by the most slovenly mental stomach, without producing nausea. For instance, you will find a piece of property assessed at \$1,000.00 the school taxes on that are \$11.80; while another parcel of property is assessed at \$25,000.00 and the school taxes on that are \$61.00. Now if it is fair that \$1,000.00 pay \$11.80, should \$25,000.00 not pay 25 times as much, or \$295.00? If I am correct in my calculation, then in this one instance, the township is out of pocket \$214.00. The treasurer is commanded by his warrant to account to the school district the amount specified therein; how can he do it under the existing state of facts? Nor is this the only blunder, but I consider it as sufficient to call attention, and every one is at his own liberty to look and examine the roll for himself. But undoubtedly the cry will be raised, it is the fault of the officer! This is not true. No person can under our laws act officially, he must be placed into that office by the lawful means. Therefore, the township officers are selected by the people, they act for the people, and in the people's stead; they become the trustees or agents of the people; and the people are only harvesting now according to the seed they sowed on last town meeting day. One thing is quite certain, that under such a state of affairs, it is no pleasure to be an owner of property and tax-payer in Tawas township. I regret that I have to make such assertions, but to conceal it would be acting the hypocrite, a thing I despise. I hope and trust that in the future, a deeper and a more intelligent interest may be taken by the taxpayers of this town, that each one will insist upon the right and privilege becoming an American citizen to select, and vote independently and intelligently for the interest of the entire township as well as his own.

J. A. F. SCHEFFELER.

The Galveston News says: "There are now 145 lawyers in jail in New York State. This is a fine record, and the legal profession is liable to become respectable one of these days. There are only seven newspaper men in jail in the same State." We regret to learn that the newspaper men are more successful in evading the law than lawyers. They (excluding law journalists of course), certainly violate it as often. It is possible, however, that the 145 lawyers referred to had some connection with newspapers, and thus got themselves into trouble.

A New Ax for Mr. Gladstone.

Late on Saturday afternoon, says a Flint telegram, the following incident occurred at Hawarden. Just as it was growing dusk the police, who are in constant attendance upon the Premier, were surprised to see a man walk rapidly up the approaches to the castle, carrying under his arm a mysterious-looking parcel, and from his manner it was inferred that the man was either laboring under very great excitement or that he was insane. He was speedily taken charge of by the police, and removed to that part of the castle in which they are quartered, and on being interrogated by the officer in charge he said he was a workman from Birmingham, and had made an ax which he intended to present to Mr. Gladstone. He would present it personally, no matter what the cost. The man was kindly treated by the officer, and after he had somewhat regained his composure a message was sent to Mr. Gladstone, who came out of the castle and received his admirer on the lawn, where he was presented with the ax, much to the satisfaction of the man, who afterward walked to Chester and returned to Birmingham the same evening.—London Standard.

The artisan who represented to Mr. Gladstone that he had come from Birmingham in order to present him with a new ax is named Simeon Shorter, and is in the employ of a firm at Salford, near Birmingham. Shorter made the ax of solid steel, and having accomplished his task determined to present it himself without ceremony. He accordingly set out for Hawarden, where he announced his errand, but at first had some little difficulty with the detectives. Mr. Gladstone greatly admires the implement, which is fitted with an old English oak handle. On one side of the blade is Mr. Gladstone's armorial bearings, and on the other the Staffordshire "knot" with a poetical couplet. After partaking of refreshments Shorter was presented with Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone's photographs and autographs.—London Telegraph.

At the Nez Perce agency in Indian Territory is a Presbyterian Church with full-blood officers and pastor. A revival now in progress has added 172 to the membership. Thirty-three Indian pupils are soon to be placed by the Government in White's Institute at

DIPLOMATS.

The Roman Catholic Church of the United States contributed about \$42,000 for foreign missions last year.—N. Y. Sun.

Hamline University, Minnesota, has received an additional endowment of \$25,000, the gift of Joseph Dean, of Minneapolis.

At Miss Clara Cushman's Mission School in Peking the feet of the girls are not allowed to be bound—the only school in China where that is the case.

The Zulu Bible recently printed in New York, and just received in South Africa, cost missionaries thirty-three years of labor in its translation.—N. Y. Examiner.

The American Presbyterian and the Roman Catholic mission establishments in Canton, China, were wrecked by a native mob recently. The property was destroyed, but no lives were taken.

A petition was recently presented to the Connecticut Legislature signed by several citizens of New London asking that a law be enacted prohibiting the use of tobacco in the public schools.—Hartford Post.

Commencing with fifty cents, contributed by an orphan ten years ago, Thornwell Presbyterian Orphanage at Clinton, S. C., has grown till it now owns 125 acres, a seminary for 150 orphans and two residences.

The Congregational Church of Norway, Conn., numbers among its congregation twenty deaf mutes. The mutes have organized a Bible class under the direction of a teacher, who is acquainted with their methods of conversation.

No less than 2,104 persons joined the Evangelical Church in Germany in 1883, against 1,904 in the year before. Most of these were Roman Catholics, while 904 people left the Evangelical Church for the other communions. Of the Jews 130 accepted baptism, while eighteen Evangelical Christians joined the Jews.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

A few days ago a teacher in one of our up-town public schools was exercising her class in definition of words and the writing of sentences. "Deceitful," said she, "means false;" and she told one of the scholars, a tow-headed boy, to write on his slate a sentence with "deceitful" in it. He scratched his cranium, looked at the ceiling, and then ran his pencil over the slate. "Read what you have written," said the teacher. "My ma has deceitful teeth," was what he read. The teacher laughed and the boys laughed, and they laughed so long that it was time to go home before they recovered.—N. Y. World.

How Envelopes Are Made.

Springfield has six firms engaged in the manufacture of either envelopes or paper, or both these products. The process of manufacturing envelopes is apparently simple, although in reality complicated. True there are only three distinct operations to be gone through with—the cutting, gumming and folding, but the blending of the last two operations into one makes necessary the use of a complex machine. There is nothing remarkable in the first part of the operation. The paper as it comes from the factories is cut in squares or diagonals measuring thirty by forty inches, special diagonal shapes being chosen for particular cutting-dies, in order to save waste which would follow from the sheet not being especially adapted to the die. Each sheet will average thirteen envelopes, which are cut out by dies of innumerable sizes and shapes, but all verging on the diamond, five hundred sheets being placed on the press at a time. In spite of all precautions there is a waste of two pounds in every forty, and some idea of the extent of the business may be gained from the fact that out of this waste fifty tons are sent away every year. The folding and gumming machines are now brought into use, and no more fascinating occupation can be found for awhile than to watch their lightning-like motion as they turn out finished envelopes at the rate of seventy-five a minute. There are sixty-six of these machines in operation, each of which requires no other attendant than a girl who receives the envelopes as they are forced out, binds them, and packs them into boxes. Six of the machines are used entirely for paper, five for gumming, folding and printing at the same time, and the rest for plain commercial envelopes. The process is an interesting one, the machines being self-feeding, taking the paper direct from the cutters, and turning the completed envelopes to the packers in lots counted out to suit.

About a gross are laid in a receiving box near the top of the machine, and above this hangs a "picker," the edges of which conform to the edges of the envelope. This works up and down like a flash, receiving mucilage on its edges from little rollers that fly back and forth between a couple of reservoirs filled with gum-arabic. Pouncing on the top sheet, the "picker" catches it up, gumming it with the same movement. Long fingers dart in, seize the captive, and hurry it back a couple of feet to the "plunger," a couple of "separators" having shot in beneath the sheet to keep the rest in place. All being done so quickly that the top sheet of those remaining seems to have been the one touched by the "picker." The "plunger" is an iron cube, the lower surface of which is the size and shape of the intended envelope, works up and down like a piston, punching the sheet down through a square orifice that gives the correct shape. An instantaneous folding and pressing operation is performed by some unseen apparatus, and, almost before one has fairly realized that the sheet has been snatched up by the "picker," it comes out of the machine a complete envelope, and, passing along a chain with hundreds of others in order to dry, takes a circuitous route back under the machine, where it drops into the hands of the folder and packer, as mentioned before. The machines which gum, fold and print work off only twenty-five

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80 Acre Farm For Sale.

Two and a half miles west of Tawas City; two acres cleared, and a two story house; Spring creek running through the center of the land north and south. The timber consists of Maple, Beech, Birch, Black Ash and Hemlock; will more than pay for clearing; 15 or 20 acres can be cleared for five to ten dollars per acre. Price, \$700.00. Warranty deed. M. G. DIXON.

3-4.

A Good Farm For Sale.

The undersigned desires to sell the following described land, situated in the township of Tawas: The east half of the northwest quarter of section 35, containing 80 acres, 35 of which is cleared, and 45 acres green timber. A small orchard, a block house and log barn, a good well of water and a root house. Terms, \$1,300; \$400 down, and the balance on time. RUDOLPH WEISS.

Febewing, Huron Co., Mich. 1-3m.

Village Lots For Sale.

The undersigned has fifty desirable lots for sale in the village of East Tawas, within a short distance of the depot site. These lots will be sold on easy terms. Apply to JOHN SULLIVAN, East Tawas, Mich.

Notice of Estray.

Notice is hereby given that on or about the 10th day of November, A. D., 1883, a white and red spotted cow, about 5 or 6 years old, with very long curved horns, strayed upon my enclosed lands in the township of Tawas, and now remains thereupon. The owner will please pay charges and take said cow away. JOSEPH GOUTIER, Sr.

1-6w.

Pianos and Organs!!

C. V. Hicks, of Au Sable, is prepared to furnish Pianos and Organs at the very lowest prices that a good instrument can be bought at; Chickering Pianos and Estey Organs. 5-1f.

DRESS MAKING.

Mrs. R. V. Davidson having returned after a brief absence, is again prepared to do all kinds of work in dress making, and will be pleased to have her former patrons call upon her. She now has rooms at Mrs. R. A. Kelley's, opposite the M. E. church, Tawas City, Mich. 3-4.

W. A. DARLING,

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